Section I - Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) and Defense Federal Acquisition Supplement (DFARS) Flowdown Provisions General Terms

A. Government Subcontract

1. This Purchase Order (Order) is issued pursuant to a Government prime contract or subcontract referenced or identified in the Order and concerns products and/or services that can or will be delivered to the United States Government.

2. In addition to these terms set forth in the Rolls-Royce Canada Ltd. Naval General Conditions of Purchase included with the Purchase Order, the following clauses, as set forth in the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) and Department of Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) are incorporated herein and are applicable hereto by this reference except for those that are specially excepted by the FAR/DFARS text or because of the U.S. dollar value as noted with each clause. Copies of FAR/DFARS clauses may be obtained from several sources to include the Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. and on-line at http://www.farsite.hill.af.mil.

3. The following certifications, representations, acknowledgements or submissions are required to be submitted to your ROLLS-ROYCE Buyer in connection with award of any Order or subcontract. SELLER acknowledges that ROLLS-ROYCE will rely upon SELLER certifications and representations, including representations as to business size and socio-economic status, as applicable, contained in this clause and in any written offer, proposal or quote, or company profile submission, which results in award of a contract to SELLER. By entering into such contract, SELLER affirms the certifications and representations submitted with its written offer, including company profile information, and oral offers/quotations made at the request of ROLLS-ROYCE, and SELLER makes those certifications and representations set forth below. SELLER shall immediately notify ROLLS-ROYCE of any change of status regarding any certification or representation.

a. ROLLS-ROYCE Procurement Information Booklet [PIB] concerning:
   i. Certification concerning Debarment or Suspension (FAR 52.209-5)
   ii. Anti-Lobbying (Byrd Amendment) Certification and Disclosure (FAR 52.203-11, 52.203-12)
   iii. Acknowledgement and acceptance of DPAS rated order (if applicable)

4. As used in the FAR and DFARS clauses referenced below, and otherwise in this Order:
   a. “Contract” means this Order.
   b. “Contracting Officer” shall mean the U.S. Government Contracting Officer for ROLLS-ROYCE’s government prime contract or subcontract under which this Order is issued.
   c. “Contractor” and “Offeror” means the SELLER, which is the party identified on the face of the Order with whom ROLLS-ROYCE is contracting, acting as the immediate subcontractor to ROLLS-ROYCE.
   d. “Prime Contract” means the contract between ROLLS-ROYCE and the U.S. Government or between ROLLS-ROYCE and its higher-tier contractor who has a contract with the U.S. Government.
   e. “Subcontract” means any contract placed by SELLER or lower-tier subcontractors under this Contract.
   f. “Commercial Item” means a commercial item as defined in FAR Part 2.101.

B. Notes Identifying Parties

The following numbered Notes apply to the FAR and DFARS clauses incorporated by reference below only when specified in the parenthetical phrase following the clause title and date. *

Contract Notes:

1. Canadian Contract Cost Principles 1031-2 are to be applied as per Defense Production Sharing Agreement (DPSA) between Canada and the United States (U.S.).

2. Per DFARS PGI 225.870- l(d)(ii)(B) and PGI 225.870-l(d)(iii), Public Works and Government Services Canada (PWGSC) now known as Public Services and Procurement Canada (PSPC) will perform audits when needed.

3. Per 48 CFR 9903.201-1(4), clauses 52.230-1 Cost Accounting Standards Notices and Certification, 52.230-2 Cost Accounting Standards, and DFARS 252.23 1-7000 Supplemental Cost Principles, are excluded from contract as Canadian Contract Cost Principles 1031-2 are to be applied per Defense Production Sharing Agreement (DPSA) between Canada and the U.S.
4. Clause 52.244-5, COMPETITION IN SUBCONTRACTING (DEC 1996), is applicable to the Canadian Commercial Corporation (CCC) supplier, (Rolls-Royce Canada Limited), and its subcontractors only, not CCC, as CCC issues letters supporting those offers submitted by Canadian companies in accordance with DFARS 225.870-3(a), and therefore did not select its first-tier subcontractor, Rolls-Royce Canada Limited, on a competitive basis.

5. Clauses 52.215-10, 52.215-11, 52.215-13, 52.215-18, 52.215-21, and 52.215-23 are excluded from this contract as the U.S. has waived the requirement for the submission of certified cost and pricing data for CCC and its subcontractors per DFARS 215.403-1(c)(4)(C). Provisions 52.215-20 and 52.215-22 were included in the solicitation only and are excluded from the award.

6. Clauses 52.223-6, 52.222-36, 52.222-4, 52.219-16, 52.219-8, 52.219-9, 52.219-28, 52.222-20, 52.222-40, and 252.219-7003 are excluded from this contract as these clauses do not apply to contract work that takes place outside the U.S. by employees recruited outside the U.S.

C. Incorporating Amendments or Changes Required By Prime Contract

SELLER agrees that it will negotiate in good faith with ROLLS-ROYCE, if requested, relating to amendments to this Contract to incorporate additional provisions herein or to change provisions hereof, as ROLLS-ROYCE reasonably deems necessary in order to comply with the provisions of the applicable Prime Contract or Subcontract, or with the provisions of amendments to such Prime Contract or Subcontract. If any such amendment to this Contract causes an increase or decrease in the cost of, or the time required for, performance of any part of the Work under this Contract, an equitable adjustment shall be made pursuant to the “Changes” clause of this Contract.

D. Incorporation of HQ, FAR and DFARS Clauses

The HQ, FAR and DFARS clauses referenced below are incorporated herein by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text, and are applicable, including any Notes following the clause citation, to this Contract. All referenced HQ/FAR/DFARS clauses below refer to current clauses and revisions in effect as of the date of the Government Prime Contract referenced in this Purchase Order. If the date or substance of any of the clauses listed below is different from the date or substance of the clause actually incorporated in the Prime Contract referenced by number herein, the date or substance of the clause incorporated by said Prime Contract shall apply instead. The Contracts Disputes Act shall have no application to this Contract, and nothing in this Contract grants SELLER a direct claim or cause of action against the U.S. Government. Any reference to a Disputes” clause shall mean the “Disputes” provision of the Order. SELLER shall include in each lower-tier subcontract the appropriate flow down clauses as required by the FAR and DFARS clauses included in this Contract.

Section III - FAR 15 If an Order contains a U.S. Government Prime Contract Number then the following HQ, FAR and DFARS Clauses are applicable.

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (FAR) AND DEFENSE FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION SUPPLEMENT (DFARS) FLOWDOWN PROVISIONS FOR FIRM FIXED PRICE SUBCONTRACTS OR PURCHASE ORDERS FOR NON-COMMERCIAL ITEMS UNDER A UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PRIME CONTRACT OR SUBCONTRACT, INCLUDING

- FAR PART 15 SUPPLIES AND/OR SERVICES CONTRACTS
- FAR PART 15 AND FAR PART 12 SUPPLIES AND/OR SERVICES CONTRACTS

A. CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

HQ B-2-0020 TRAVEL COSTS - ALTERNATE I (NAVSEA) (APR 2015)

(a) Except as otherwise provided herein, the Contractor shall be reimbursed for its actual travel costs in accordance with FAR 31.205-46. The costs to be reimbursed shall be those costs determined to be allowable, allocable and reasonable by the Procuring Contracting Officer, Administrative Contracting Officer or their duly authorized representative, as advised by DCAA.

(b) Reimbursable travel costs include only that travel performed from the Contractor's facility to the worksite, in and around the worksite, and from the worksite to the Contractor's facility.

(c) Relocation costs and travel costs incidental to relocation are allowable to the extent provided in FAR 31.205-35; however, Contracting Officer approval shall be required prior to incurring relocation expenses and travel costs incidental to relocation.

(d) The Contractor shall not be reimbursed for the following daily local travel costs:

(i) travel at U.S. Military Installations where Government transportation is available,

(ii) travel performed for personal convenience/errands, including commuting to and from work, and

(iii) travel costs incurred in the replacement of personnel when such replacement is accomplished for the Contractor's or employee's convenience.
HQ C-2-0032 INFORMATION AND DATA FURNISHED BY THE GOVERNMENT - ALTERNATE II (NAVSEA) (SEP 2009)

(a) NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable, Government Furnished Information, attached hereto, incorporates by listing or specific reference, all the data or information which the Government has provided or will provide to the Contractor except for:

(1) The specifications set forth in Section C, and

(2) Government specifications, including drawings and other Government technical documentation which are referenced directly or indirectly in the specifications set forth in Section C and which are applicable to this contract as specifications, and which are generally available and provided to Contractors or prospective Contractors upon proper request, such as Federal or Military Specifications, and Standard Drawings, etc.

(b) Except for the specifications referred to in subparagraphs (a)(1) and (2) above, the Government will not be obligated to provide to the Contractor any specification, drawing, technical documentation or other publication which is not listed or specifically referenced in NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the specifications, the publications listed or specifically referenced in NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable, the clause entitled "GOVERNMENT PROPERTY" (FAR 52.245-1) or "GOVERNMENT PROPERTY INSTALLATION OPERATION SERVICES " (FAR 52.245-2), as applicable, or any other term or condition of this contract.

(c)(1) The Contracting Officer may at any time by written order:

(i) delete, supersede, or revise, in whole or in part, data listed or specifically referenced in NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable; or

(ii) add items of data or information to NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable; or

(iii) establish or revise due dates for items of data or information in NAVSEA Form 4340/2 or Schedule C, as applicable.

(2) If any action taken by the Contracting Officer pursuant to subparagraph (c)(1) immediately above causes an increase or decrease in the costs of, or the time required for, performance of any part of the work under this contract, the contractor may be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the contract amount and delivery schedule in accordance with the procedures provided for in the "CHANGES" clause of this contract.

HQ C-2-0037 ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST (NAVSEA) (JUL 2000)

(a) "Organizational Conflict of Interest" means that because of other activities or relationships with other persons, a person is unable or potentially unable to render impartial assistance or advice to the Government, or the person’s objectivity in performing the contract work is or might be otherwise impaired, or a person has an unfair competitive advantage. "Person" as used herein includes Corporations, Partnerships, Joint Ventures, and other business enterprises.

(b) The Contractor warrants that to the best of its knowledge and belief, and except as otherwise set forth in the contract, the Contractor does not have any organizational conflict of interest(s) as defined in paragraph (a).

(c) It is recognized that the effort to be performed by the Contractor under this contract may create a potential organizational conflict of interest on the instant contract or on a future acquisition. In order to avoid this potential conflict of interest, and at the same time to avoid prejudicing the best interest of the Government, the right of the Contractor to participate in future procurement of equipment and/or services that are the subject of any work under this contract shall be limited as described below in accordance with the requirements of FAR 9.5.

(d)(1) The Contractor agrees that it shall not release, disclose, or use in any way that would permit or result in disclosure to any party outside the Government any information provided to the Contractor by the Government during or as a result of performance of this contract. Such information includes, but is not limited to, information submitted to the Government on a confidential basis by other persons. Further, the prohibition against release of Government provided information extends to cover such information whether or not in its original form, e.g., where the information has been included in Contractor generated work or where it is discernible from materials incorporating or based upon such information. This prohibition shall not expire after a given period of time.

(2) The Contractor agrees that it shall not release, disclose, or use in any way that
would permit or result in disclosure to any party outside the Government any information generated or derived during or as a result of performance of this contract. This prohibition shall expire after a period of three years after completion of performance of this contract.

(3) The prohibitions contained in subparagraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) shall apply with equal force to any affiliate of the Contractor, any subcontractor, consultant, or employee of the Contractor, any joint venture involving the Contractor, any entity into or with which it may merge or affiliate, or any successor or assign of the Contractor. The terms of paragraph (f) of this Special Contract Requirement relating to notification shall apply to any release of information in contravention of this paragraph (d).

(c) The Contractor further agrees that, during the performance of this contract and for a period of three years after completion of performance of this contract, the Contractor, any affiliate of the Contractor, any subcontractor, consultant, employee of the Contractor, any joint venture involving the Contractor, any entity into or with which it may subsequently merge or affiliate, or any other successor or assign of the Contractor, shall not furnish to the United States Government, either as a prime contractor or as a subcontractor, or as a consultant to a prime contractor or subcontractor, any system, component or services which is the subject of the work to be performed under this contract. This exclusion does not apply to any recompetition for those systems, components or services furnished pursuant to this contract. As provided in FAR 9.505-2, if the Government procures the system, component, or services on the basis of work statements growing out of the effort performed under this contract, from a source other than the contractor, subcontractor, affiliate, or assign of either, during the course of performance of this contract or before the three year period following completion of this contract has lapsed, the Contractor may, with the authorization of the cognizant Contracting Officer, participate in a subsequent procurement for the same system, component, or service. In other words, the Contractor may be authorized to compete for procurement(s) for systems, components or services subsequent to an intervening procurement.

(f) The Contractor agrees that, if after award, it discovers an actual or potential organizational conflict of interest, it shall make immediate and full disclosure in writing to the Contracting Officer. The notification shall include a description of the actual or potential organizational conflict of interest, a description of the action which the Contractor has taken or proposes to take to avoid, mitigate, or neutralize the conflict, and any other relevant information that would assist the Contracting Officer in making a determination on this matter. Notwithstanding this notification, the Government may terminate the contract for the convenience of the Government if determined to be in the best interest of the Government.

(g) Notwithstanding paragraph (f) above, if the Contractor was aware, or should have been aware, of an organizational conflict of interest prior to the award of this contract or becomes, or should become, aware of an organizational conflict of interest after award of this contract and does not make an immediate and full disclosure in writing to the Contracting Officer, the Government may terminate this contract for default.

(h) If the Contractor takes any action prohibited by this requirement or fails to take action required by this requirement, the Government may terminate this contract for default.

(i) The Contracting Officer's decision as to the existence or nonexistence of an actual or potential organizational conflict of interest shall be final.

(j) Nothing in this requirement is intended to prohibit or preclude the Contractor from marketing or selling to the United States Government its product lines in existence on the effective date of this contract; nor, shall this requirement preclude the Contractor from participating in any research and development or delivering any design development model or prototype of any such equipment. Additionally, sale of catalog or standard commercial items are exempt from this requirement.

(k) The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, if it has been tasked to evaluate or advise the Government concerning its own products or activities or those of a competitor in order to ensure proper safeguards exist to guarantee objectivity and to protect the Government's interest.

(l) The Contractor shall include this requirement in subcontracts of any tier which involve access to information or situations/conditions covered by the preceding paragraphs, substituting "subcontractor" for "contractor" where appropriate.
(m) The rights and remedies described herein shall not be exclusive and are in addition to other rights and remedies provided by law or elsewhere included in this contract.

(n) Compliance with this requirement is a material requirement of this contract.

(o) HQ C-2-0059 UPDATING SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS (NAVSEA) (AUG 1994)

(p) If, during the performance of this or any other contract, the contractor believes that any contract contains outdated or different versions of any specifications or standards, the contractor may request that all of its contracts be updated to include the current version of the applicable specification or standard. Updating shall not affect the form, fit or function of any deliverable item or increase the cost/price of the item to the Government. The contractor should submit update requests to the Procuring Contracting Officer with copies to the Administrative Contracting Officer and cognizant program office representative for approval. The contractor shall perform the contract in accordance with the existing specifications and standards until notified of approval/disapproval by the Procuring Contracting Officer. Any approved alternate specifications or standards will be incorporated into the contract.

(q) Section D - Packaging and Marking

(u) CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

(v) D24 PROHIBITED PACKING MATERIALS (JAN 2012)

(w) The use of asbestos, excelsior, newspaper or shredded paper (all types including waxed paper, computer paper and similar hygroscopic or non-neutral material) is prohibited. In addition, loose fill polystyrene is prohibited for shipboard use.

(x) HQ D-1-0001 DATA PACKAGING LANGUAGE

(y) Data to be delivered by Integrated Digital Environment (IDE) or other electronic media shall be as specified in the contract.

(z) All unclassified data to be shipped shall be prepared for shipment in accordance with best commercial practice. Classified reports, data, and documentation shall be prepared for shipment in accordance with National Industrial Security Program Operating Manual (NISPOM), DOD 5220.22-M dated 28 February 2006 with Change 2 dated 18 May 2016. HQ C-2-0059 UPDATING SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS (NAVSEA) (AUG 1994)

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HQ D-2-0004 IDENTIFICATION MARKING OF PARTS (NAVSEA) (NOV 1996)
Identification marking of individual parts within the systems, equipments, assemblies, subassemblies, components, groups, sets or kits, and of spare and repair parts shall be done in accordance with applicable specifications and drawings. To the extent identification marking of such parts is not specified in applicable specifications or drawings, such marking shall be accomplished in accordance with the following:

(1) Parts shall be marked in accordance with generally accepted commercial practice.

(2) In cases where parts are so small as not to permit identification marking as provided above, such parts shall be appropriately coded so as to permit ready identification.

52.246-11 HIGHER-LEVEL CONTRACT QUALITY REQUIREMENT (DEC 2014)

(a) The Contractor shall comply with the higher-level quality standard(s) listed below.

[ANSI/ISO/ASQ Q9001:2008]

(b) The Contractor shall include applicable requirements of the higher-level quality standard(s) listed in paragraph (a) of this clause and the requirement to flow down such standards, as applicable, to lower-tier subcontracts, in--

(1) Any subcontract for critical and complex items (see 46.203(b) and (c)); or

(2) When the technical requirements of a subcontract require--

(i) Control of such things as design, work operations, in-process control, testing, and inspection; or

(ii) Attention to such factors as organization, planning, work instructions, documentation control, and advanced metrology.

(End of clause)

HQ E-2-0008 INSPECTION AND TEST RECORDS (NAVSEA) (MAY 1995)
Inspection and Test Records: Inspection and test records shall, as a minimum, indicate the nature of the observations, number of observations made, and the number and type of deficiencies found. Data included in inspection and test records shall be complete and accurate, and shall be used for trend analysis and to assess corrective action and effectiveness.

HQ E-2-0015 QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS (NAVSEA) (SEP 2009)
Quality Management System Requirements. The Contractor shall provide and maintain a quality management system that, as a minimum, adheres to the requirements of ANSI/ISO/ASQ 9001:2008 Quality Management Systems and supplemental requirements imposed by this contract. The quality management system procedures, planning, and all other documentation and data that comprise the quality management system shall be made available to the Government for review. Existing quality documents that meet the requirements of this contract may continue to be used. The Government may perform any necessary inspections, verifications, and evaluations to ascertain conformance to requirements and the adequacy of the implementing procedures. The Contractor shall require of subcontractors a quality management system achieving control of the quality of the services and/or supplies provided. The Government reserves the right to disapprove the quality management system or portions thereof when it fails to meet the contractual requirements.

HQ E-2-0017 USE OF CONTRACTOR’S INSPECTION EQUIPMENT (NAVSEA) (MAY 1995)

Use of Contractor’s Inspection Equipment: The contractor’s gages, and measuring and testing devices shall be made available for use by the Government when required to determine conformance with contract requirements. If conditions warrant, the contractor’s personnel shall be made available for operations of such devices and for verification of their accuracy and condition.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

52.203-6 Restrictions On Subcontractor Sales To The Government SEP 2006
52.203-7 Anti-Kickback Procedures MAY 2014
52.203-10 Price Or Fee Adjustment For Illegal Or Improper Activity MAY 2014
52.203-12 Limitation On Payments To Influence Certain Federal Transactions OCT 2010
52.203-13 Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct OCT 2015
52.203-16 Preventing Personal Conflicts of Interest DEC 2011
52.203-17 Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights and Requirement APR 2014 To Inform Employees of Whistleblower Rights JAN 2011
52.204-9 Personal Identity Verification of Contractor Personnel OCT 2015
52.204-10 Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards
52.209-6 Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting OCT 2015 With Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment NOV 2015
52.209-10 Prohibition on Contracting With Inverted Domestic Corporations APR 2011
52.210-1 Market Research AUG 2000
52.211-5 Material Requirements APR 2008
52.211-15 Defense Priority And Allocation Requirements OCT 2010
52.215-2 Audit and Records--Negotiation OCT 1997
52.215-8 Order of Precedence--Uniform Contract Format OCT 1997
52.215-9 Changes or Additions to Make-or-Buy Program OCT 1997
52.215-14 Integrity of Unit Prices OCT 1997
52.215-17 Waiver of Facilities Capital Cost of Money OCT 1997
52.216-7 Allowable Cost And Payment JUN 2013
52.216-11 Cost Contract--No Fee APR 1984
52.222-17 Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers MAY 2014
52.222-21 Prohibition Of Segregated Facilities APR 2015
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(a) 52.222-2 PAYMENT FOR OVERTIME PREMIUMS (JUL 1990)
(a) The use of overtime is authorized under this contract if the overtime premium cost does not exceed 0 or the
overtime premium is paid for work --
(1) Necessary to cope with emergencies such as those resulting from accidents, natural disasters, breakdowns of
production equipment, or occasional production bottlenecks of a sporadic nature;
(2) By indirect-labor employees such as those performing duties in connection with administration, protection,
transportation, maintenance, standby plant protection, operation of utilities, or accounting;
(3) To perform tests, industrial processes, laboratory procedures, loading or unloading of transportation conveyances,
and operations in flight or afloat that are continuous in nature and cannot reasonably be interrupted or completed
otherwise; or
(4) That will result in lower overall costs to the Government.
(b) Any request for estimated overtime premiums that exceeds the amount specified above shall include all estimated
overtime for contract completion and shall--
(1) Identify the work unit; e.g., department or section in which the requested overtime will be used, together with
present workload, staffing, and other data of the affected unit sufficient to permit the Contracting Officer to evaluate the
necessity for the overtime;
(2) Demonstrate the effect that denial of the request will have on the contract delivery or performance schedule;
(3) Identify the extent to which approval of overtime would affect the performance or payments in connection with other Government contracts, together with identification of each affected contract; and
(4) Provide reasons why the required work cannot be performed by using multishift operations or by employing additional personnel.
* Insert either "zero" or the dollar amount agreed to during negotiations. The inserted figure does not apply to the exceptions in paragraph (a)(1) through (a)(4) of the clause.
(End of clause)

52.243-7 NOTIFICATION OF CHANGES (APR 1984)

(a) Definitions. "Contracting Officer," as used in this clause, does not include any representative of the Contracting Officer.
"Specifically authorized representative (SAR)," as used in this clause, means any person the Contracting Officer has so designated by written notice (a copy of which shall be provided to the Contractor) which shall refer to this subparagraph and shall be issued to the designated representative before the SAR exercises such authority.

(b) Notice. The primary purpose of this clause is to obtain prompt reporting of Government conduct that the Contractor considers to constitute a change to this contract. Except for changes identified as such in writing and signed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall notify the Administrative Contracting Officer in writing, within 30 calendar days from the date that the Contractor identifies any Government conduct (including actions, inactions, and written or oral communications) that the Contractor regards as a change to the contract terms and conditions. On the basis of the most accurate information available to the Contractor, the notice shall state--
(1) The date, nature, and circumstances of the conduct regarded as a change;
(2) The name, function, and activity of each Government individual and Contractor official or employee involved in or knowledgeable about such conduct;
(3) The identification of any documents and the substance of any oral communication involved in such conduct;
(4) In the instance of alleged acceleration of scheduled performance or delivery, the basis upon which it arose;
(5) The particular elements of contract performance for which the Contractor may seek an equitable adjustment under this clause, including--
   (i) What contract line items have been or may be affected by the alleged change;
   (ii) What labor or materials or both have been or may be added, deleted, or wasted by the alleged change;
   (iii) To the extent practicable, what delay and disruption in the manner and sequence of performance and effect on continued performance have been or may be caused by the alleged change;
   (iv) What adjustments to contract price, delivery schedule, and other provisions affected by the alleged change are estimated; and
(6) The Contractor’s estimate of the time by which the Government must respond to the Contractor’s notice to minimize cost, delay or disruption of performance.

(c) Continued performance. Following submission of the notice required by (b) above, the Contractor shall diligently continue performance of this contract to the maximum extent possible in accordance with its terms and conditions as construed by the Contractor, unless the notice reports a direction of the Contracting Officer or a communication from a SAR of the Contracting Officer, in either of which events the Contractor shall continue performance; provided, however, that if the Contractor regards the direction or communication as a change as described in (b) above, notice shall be given in the manner provided. All directions, communications, interpretations, orders and similar actions of the SAR shall be reduced to writing and copies furnished to the Contractor and to the Contracting Officer. The Contracting Officer shall countermand any action which exceeds the authority of the SAR.

(d) Government response. The Contracting Officer shall promptly, within 30 calendar days after receipt of notice, respond to the notice in writing. In responding, the Contracting Officer shall either--
(1) Confirm that the conduct of which the Contractor gave notice constitutes a change and when necessary direct the mode of further performance;
(3) Countermand any communication regarded as a change;
(4) Deny that the conduct of which the Contractor gave notice constitutes a change and when necessary direct the mode of further performance; or
(5) In the event the Contractor's notice information is inadequate to make a decision under (1), (2), or (3) above, advise the Contractor what additional information is required, and establish the date by which it should be furnished and the date thereafter by which the Government will respond.

(e) Equitable adjustments.

(1) If the Contracting Officer confirms that Government conduct effected a change as alleged by the Contractor, and the conduct causes an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of, or the time required for, performance of any part of the work under this contract, whether changed or not changed by such conduct, an equitable adjustment shall be made--

(i) In the contract price or delivery schedule or both; and

(ii) In such other provisions of the contract as may be affected.

(2) The contract shall be modified in writing accordingly. In the case of drawings, designs or specifications which are defective and for which the Government is responsible, the equitable adjustment shall include the cost and time extension for delay reasonably incurred by the Contractor in attempting to comply with the defective drawings, designs or specifications before the Contractor identified, or reasonably should have identified, such defect. When the cost of property made obsolete or excess as a result of a change confirmed by the Contracting Officer under this clause is included in the equitable adjustment, the Contracting Officer shall have the right to prescribe the manner of disposition of the property. The equitable adjustment shall not include increased costs or time extensions for delay resulting from the Contractor's failure to provide notice or to continue performance as provided, respectively, in (b) and (c) above.

Note: The phrases "contract price" and "cost" wherever they appear in the clause, may be appropriately modified to apply to cost-reimbursement or incentive contracts, or to combinations thereof.

(End of clause)

52.252-2 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)
This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

https://acquisition.gov/far

(End of clause)

(a)

252.211-7003 ITEM UNIQUE IDENTIFICATION AND VALUATION (DEC 2013)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause:

Automatic identification device means a device, such as a reader or interrogator, used to retrieve data encoded on machine-readable media.

Concatenated unique item identifier means--

(1) For items that are serialized within the enterprise identifier, the linking together of the unique identifier data elements in order of the issuing agency code, enterprise identifier, and unique serial number within the enterprise identifier; or

(2) For items that are serialized within the original part, lot, or batch number, the linking together of the unique identifier data elements in order of the issuing agency code; enterprise identifier; original part, lot, or batch number; and serial number within the original part, lot, or batch number.

Data Matrix means a two-dimensional matrix symbology, which is made up of square or, in some cases, round modules arranged within a perimeter finder pattern and uses the Error Checking and Correction 200 (ECC200) specification found within International Standards Organization (ISO)/International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) 16022.

Data qualifier means a specified character (or string of characters) that immediately precedes a data field that defines the general category or intended use of the data that follows.

DoD recognized unique identification equivalent means a unique identification method that is in commercial use and has been recognized by DoD. All DoD recognized unique identification equivalents are listed at http://www.acq.osd.mil/dpap/pdi/uid/iuid_equivalents.html.
DoD item unique identification means a system of marking items delivered to DoD with unique item identifiers that have machine-readable data elements to distinguish an item from all other like and unlike items. For items that are serialized within the enterprise identifier, the unique item identifier shall include the data elements of the enterprise identifier and a unique serial number. For items that are serialized within the part, lot, or batch number within the enterprise identifier, the unique item identifier shall include the data elements of the enterprise identifier; the original part, lot, or batch number; and the serial number.

Enterprise means the entity (e.g., a manufacturer or vendor) responsible for assigning unique item identifiers to items.

Enterprise identifier means a code that is uniquely assigned to an enterprise by an issuing agency. Government's unit acquisition cost means--

(1) For fixed-price type line, subline, or exhibit line items, the unit price identified in the contract at the time of delivery; (2) For cost-type or undefinitized line, subline, or exhibit line items, the Contractor's estimated fully burdened unit cost to the Government at the time of delivery; and (3) For items produced under a time-and-materials contract, the Contractor's estimated fully burdened unit cost to the Government at the time of delivery.

Issuing agency means an organization responsible for assigning a globally unique identifier to an enterprise (e.g., Dun & Bradstreet's Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number, GS1 Company Prefix, Allied Committee 135 NATO Commercial and Government Entity (NCAGE)/Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Code, or the Coded Representation of the North American Telecommunications Industry Manufacturers, Suppliers, and Related Service Companies (ATIS-0322000) Number), European Health Industry Business Communication Council (EHIBCC) and Health Industry Business Communication Council (HIBCC), as indicated in the Register of Issuing Agency Codes for ISO/IEC 15459, located at http://www.nen.nl/Normontwikkeling/Certificatieschemas-en-keurmerken/Schemabeheer/ISOIEC-15459.htm.

Issuing agency code means a code that designates the registration (or controlling) authority for the enterprise identifier.

Item means a single hardware article or a single unit formed by a grouping of subassemblies, components, or constituent parts.

Lot or batch number means an identifying number assigned by the enterprise to a designated group of items, usually referred to as either a lot or a batch, all of which were manufactured under identical conditions.

Machine-readable means an automatic identification technology media, such as bar codes, contact memory buttons, radio frequency identification, or optical memory cards.

Original part number means a combination of numbers or letters assigned by the enterprise at item creation to a class of items with the same form, fit, function, and interface.

Parent item means the item assembly, intermediate component, or subassembly that has an embedded item with a unique item identifier or DoD recognized unique identification equivalent.

Serial number within the enterprise identifier means a combination of numbers, letters, or symbols assigned by the enterprise to an item that provides for the differentiation of that item from any other like and unlike item and is never used again within the enterprise.

Serial number within the part, lot, or batch number means a combination of numbers or letters assigned by the enterprise to an item that provides for the differentiation of that item from any other like item within a part, lot, or batch number assignment. Serialization within the enterprise identifier means each item produced is assigned a serial number that is unique among all the tangible items produced by the enterprise and is never used again. The enterprise is responsible for ensuring unique serialization within the enterprise identifier.

Serialization within the part, lot, or batch number means each item of a particular part, lot, or batch number is assigned a unique serial number within that part, lot, or batch number assignment. The enterprise is responsible for ensuring unique serialization within the part, lot, or batch number within the enterprise identifier.

Type designation means a combination of letters and numerals assigned by the Government to a major end item, assembly or subassembly, as appropriate, to provide a convenient means of differentiating between items having the same basic name and to indicate modifications and changes thereeto.

Unique item identifier means a set of data elements marked on items that is globally unique and unambiguous. The term includes a concatenated unique item identifier or a DoD recognized unique identification equivalent.
Unique item identifier type means a designator to indicate which method of uniquely identifying a part has been used. The current list of accepted unique item identifier types is maintained at http://www.acq.osd.mil/dpap/pdi/uid/uid_types.html.

(b) The Contractor shall deliver all items under a contract line, subline, or exhibit line item.

(c) Unique item identifier. (1) The Contractor shall provide a unique item identifier for the following:

(i) Delivered items for which the Government's unit acquisition cost is $5,000 or more, except for the following line items:

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<tr>
<th>Contract line, subline, or exhibit line item No.</th>
<th>Item description</th>
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<tr>
<td>(ii) Items for which the Government's unit acquisition cost is less than $5,000 that are identified in the Schedule or the following table:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Contract line, subline, or exhibit line item No.</td>
<td>Item description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) Subassemblies, components, and parts embedded within delivered items, items with warranty requirements, DoD serially managed reparables and DoD serially managed nonreparables as specified in Attachment Number ----</td>
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<tr>
<td>(iv) Any item of special tooling or special test equipment as defined in FAR 2.101 that have been designated for preservation and storage for a Major Defense Acquisition Program as specified in Attachment Number ----</td>
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<tr>
<td>(v) Any item not included in paragraphs (c)(1)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of this clause for which the contractor creates and marks a unique item identifier for traceability</td>
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(2) The unique item identifier assignment and its component data element combination shall not be duplicated on any other item marked or registered in the DoD Item Unique Identification Registry by the contractor.

(3) The unique item identifier component data elements shall be marked on an item using two dimensional data matrix symbology that complies with ISO/IEC International Standard 16022, Information technology--International Symbology specification--Data matrix; ECC200 data matrix specification.

(4) Data syntax and semantics of unique item identifiers. The Contractor shall ensure that:

(i) The data elements (except issuing agency code) of the unique item identifier are encoded within the data matrix symbol that is marked on the item using one of the following three types of data qualifiers, as determined by the Contractor:

(A) Application Identifiers (AIs) (Format Indicator 05 of ISO/IEC International Standard 15434), in accordance with ISO/IEC International Standard 15418, Information Technology--EAN/UCC Application Identifiers and Fact Data Identifiers and Maintenance and ANSI MH 10.8.2 Data Identifier and Application Identifier Standard.

(B) Data Identifiers (DIs) (Format Indicator 06 of ISO/IEC International Standard 15434), in accordance with ISO/IEC International Standard 15418, Information Technology--EAN/UCC Application Identifiers and Fact Data Identifiers and Maintenance and ANSI MH 10.8.2 Data Identifier and Application Identifier Standard.

(C) Text Element Identifiers (TEIs) (Format Indicator 12 of ISO/IEC International Standard 15434), in accordance with the Air Transport Association Common Support Data Dictionary; and

(ii) The encoded data elements of the unique item identifier conform to the transfer structure, syntax, and coding of messages and data formats specified for Format Indicators 05, 06, and 12 in ISO/IEC International Standard 15434, Information Technology--Transfer Syntax for High Capacity Automatic Data Capture Media.

(5) Unique item identifier.

(i) The Contractor shall--

(A) Determine whether to--

1. Serialize within the enterprise identifier;

2. Serialize within the part, lot, or batch number; or

3. Use a DoD recognized unique identification equivalent (e.g. Vehicle Identification Number); and

(B) Place the data elements of the unique item identifier (enterprise identifier; serial number; DoD recognized unique identification equivalent; and for serialization within the part, lot, or batch number only: Original part, lot, or batch number) on items requiring marking by paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, based on the criteria provided in MIL-STD-130, Identification Marking of U.S. Military Property, latest version;
(C) Label shipments, storage containers and packages that contain uniquely identified items in accordance with the requirements of MIL-STD-129, Military Marking for Shipment and Storage, latest version; and
(D) Verify that the marks on items and labels on shipments, storage containers, and packages are machine readable and conform to the applicable standards. The contractor shall use an automatic identification technology device for this verification that has been programmed to the requirements of Appendix A, MIL-STD-130, latest version. (ii) The issuing agency code--
(A) Shall not be placed on the item; and
(B) Shall be derived from the data qualifier for the enterprise identifier.
(d) For each item that requires item unique identification under paragraph (c)(1)(i), (ii), or (iv) of this clause or when item unique identification is provided under paragraph (c)(1)(v), in addition to the information provided as part of the Material Inspection and Receiving Report specified elsewhere in this contract, the contractor shall report at the time of delivery, as part of the Material Inspection and Receiving Report, the following information:
(1) Unique item identifier.
(2) Unique item identifier type.
(3) Issuing agency code (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).
(4) Enterprise identifier (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).
(5) Original part number (if there is serialization within the original part number).
(6) Lot or batch number (if there is serialization within the lot or batch number).
(7) Current part number (optional and only if not the same as the original part number).
(8) Current part number effective date (optional and only if current part number is used).
(9) Serial number (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).
(10) Government's unit acquisition cost.
(11) Unit of measure.
(e) For embedded subassemblies, components, and parts that require DoD unique item identification under paragraph (c)(1)(iii) of this clause, the Contractor shall report as part of, or associated with, the Material Inspection and Receiving Report specified elsewhere in this contract, the following information:
(1) Unique item identifier of the parent item under paragraph (c)(1) of this clause that contains the embedded subassembly, component, or part.
(2) Unique item identifier of the embedded subassembly, component, or part.
(3) Unique item identifier type.**
(4) Issuing agency code (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).**
(5) Enterprise identifier (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).**
(6) Original part number (if there is serialization within the original part number).**
(7) Lot or batch number (if there is serialization within the lot or batch number).**
(8) Current part number (optional and only if not the same as the original part number).**
(10) Current part number effective date (optional and only if current part number is used).**Serial number (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).**
(11) Description.
(12) Type designation of the item as specified in the contract schedule, if any.
(13) Whether the item is an item of Special Tooling or Special Test Equipment.
(14) Whether the item is covered by a warranty.

** Once per item.
(e) For embedded subassemblies, components, and parts that require DoD item unique identification under paragraph (c)(1)(iii) of this clause or when item unique identification is provided under paragraph (c)(1)(v), the Contractor shall report as part of the Material Inspection and Receiving Report specified elsewhere in this contract, the following information:
(f) The Contractor shall submit the information required by paragraphs (d) and (e) of this clause as follows:
(1) End items shall be reported using the receiving report capability in Wide Area WorkFlow (WAWF) in accordance with the clause at 252.232-7003. If WAWF is not required by this contract, and the contractor is not using WAWF, follow the procedures at http://dodprocurementtoolbox.com/site/uidregistry/.
(2) Embedded items shall be reported by one of the following methods--
(i) Use of the embedded items capability in WAWF;
(ii) Direct data submission to the IUID Registry following the procedures and formats at http://dodprocurementtoolbox.com/site/uidregistry/; or
(iii) Via WAWF as a deliverable attachment for exhibit line item number (fill in) N/A, Unique Item Identifier Report for Embedded Items, Contract Data Requirements List, DD Form 1423.

(g) Subcontracts. If the Contractor acquires by contract any items for which item unique identification is required in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, the Contractor shall include this clause, including this paragraph (g), in the applicable subcontract(s), including subcontracts for commercial items.

(End of clause)

252.216-7006 ORDERING (MAY 2011)

(a) Any supplies and services to be furnished under this contract shall be ordered by issuance of delivery orders or task orders by the individuals or activities designated in the contract schedule. Such orders may be issued from (Calendar date to be filled in at time of award) through (Calendar date to be filled in at time of award).

(b) All delivery orders or task orders are subject to the terms and conditions of this contract. In the event of conflict between a delivery order or task order and this contract, the contract shall control.

(c)(1) If issued electronically, the order is considered “issued” when a copy has been posted to the Electronic Document Access system, and notice has been sent to the Contractor. If mailed or transmitted by facsimile, a delivery order or task order is considered “issued” when the Government deposits the order in the mail or transmits by facsimile. Mailing includes transmittal by U.S. mail or private delivery services.

(2) Orders may be issued orally only if authorized in the schedule.

(End of Clause)